1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
7	AT TACOMA	
8	SHAWNA L. JACOB,	CASE NO. C14-5373 BHS
9	Plaintiff,	
10	v.	ORDER ADOPTING REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION
11	CAROLYN W. COLVIN, Acting Commissioner of Social Security,	
12	Defendant.	
13		
14	This matter comes before the Court on the Report and Recommendation ("R&R")	
15	of the Honorable J. Richard Creatura, United States Magistrate Judge (Dkt. 25), and	
16	Plaintiff Shawna Jacob's ("Jacob") objections to the R&R (Dkt. 26).	
17	On October 28, 2014, Judge Creatura issued the R&R recommending that the	
18	Court affirm the Administrative Law Judge's ("ALJ") decision that Jacob was not	
19	disabled. Dkt. 25. On November 12, 2014, Jacob filed objections. Dkt. 26. On	
20	November 26, 2014, the Government responded. Dkt. 27.	
21	Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(b) governs objections to a magistrate judge's	
22	recommended disposition. Rule 72(b) provides as follows:	

2

1

3

3

4

5

6

7 8

_

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

The district judge must determine de novo any part of the magistrate judge's disposition that has been properly objected to. The district judge may accept, reject, or modify the recommended disposition; receive further evidence; or return the matter to the magistrate judge with instructions.

Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3).

Jacob raises two objections to Judge Creatura's recommended disposition. First, Jacob argues that Judge Creatura erroneously concluded that the ALJ gave a sufficient reason for discounting Dr. Wingate's opinion. Dkt. 26 at 1–5. Although the ALJ's finding that Dr. Wingate performed no objective psychological testing is legal error, this error is harmless. The ALJ also found that Dr. Wingate "relied heavily on the selfreporting of the claimant." AR 43. A review of the record indicates that this finding is supported by substantial evidence. For example, Dr. Wingate specifically stated in her report that "[t]he evaluation was based [on] client self-report and . . . is reflective only of [Jacob's] self-assessment." AR 505. Additionally, Dr. Wingate primarily referenced Jacob's self-reporting in her summary and recommendation, even though she had performed a mental status examination. AR 508. As evidenced by her own report, Dr. Wingate largely relied on Jacob's self-reporting rather than objective testing. See AR 505–08. The Court therefore agrees with Judge Creatura that the ALJ provided a specific and legitimate reason for discounting Dr. Wingate's opinion and thus did not commit harmful error.

Second, Jacob contends that Judge Creatura erroneously concluded that the ALJ provided a sufficient basis for discrediting her testimony. Dkt. 26 at 5–7. As Judge Creatura discussed, the ALJ provided a clear and convincing reason for not fully

1	crediting Jacob's testimony. See Dkt. 25 at 6; AR 41–42. Specifically, the ALJ found	
2	that Jacobs made numerous inconsistent statements. AR 41–42. This finding is	
3	supported by substantial evidence in the record, which was cited and thoroughly	
4	addressed by Judge Creatura. See Dkt. 25 at 5–7. Although Judge Creatura discussed	
5	some evidence that the ALJ did not rely on, this evidence simply provides additional	
6	support for the ALJ's position. See Warre v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec. Admin., 439 F.3d	
7	1001, 1005 n.3 (9th Cir. 2006). In sum, the Court agrees with Judge Creatura that the	
8	ALJ did not commit harmful error in evaluating Jacob's credibility.	
9	Therefore, the Court having considered the R&R, Jacob's objections, and the	
10	remaining record, does hereby find and order as follows:	
11	(1) The R&R is ADOPTED ;	
12	(2) The ALJ's decision is AFFIRMED ; and	
13	(2) This action is DISMISSED .	
14	Dated this 7th day of January, 2015.	
15	$\langle x_1, x_2 \rangle = \langle x_1, x_2 \rangle$	
16	BENJAMIN H. SETTLE	
17	United States District Judge	
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		